

WRITING AN EXPRESSION

Pearson Edexcel - Thursday 6 June 2019 - Paper 2 (Calculator) Foundation Tier

1.

7	$7y$	B1	for $7y$ oe	Accept $7 \times y$ oe Accept a formula, eg. $P = 7y$ but not $y = 7y$
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Pearson Edexcel – Specimen 2 - Paper 1 (Non-Calculator) Foundation Tier

2.

18		D: $15 - x$ P: $\frac{20+x}{2}$	M1 For writing a correct expression for D or P before sweets are eaten $20 - x$ or $20 + x$ A1 One correct expression A1 Both correct expressions
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Pearson Edexcel – Specimen 2 - Paper 3 (Calculator) Foundation Tier

3.

14	(a)		9	M1 for -12 and $\div 7.80$ A1 cao
	(b)		$T = 7.8y + 12$	C1 for $7.8y + 12$ or $T =$ linear expression in y C1 $T = 7.8y + 12$ oe

OCR – Tuesday 03 November 2020- Morning - Paper 1 (Calculator) Foundation Tier

4.

13	(a)	Equation	1	
	(b)	Expression	1	
	(c)	Identity	1	

OCR Thursday 7 June 2018 – Morning (Non Calculator) Foundation Tier

5.

16	a	$(a, a - b)$	2	B1 for one correct coordinate	Condone eg 1a
	b	$a = 8$ $b = 3$	2	M1 for $2a = 16$ soi	Eg their values of a and b correct for $2a - b = 13$
			2	M1 for $2a - b = 13$ soi If 0 scored SC1 for $a = (8,0)$ or $b = (0,3)$	

OCR Tuesday 12 June 2018– Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

6.

13	(a)	(i)	$6a + 10b$ or $2(3a + 5b)$ final answer	2	M1 for $6(a + b) + 2 \times 2b$ oe If 0 scored SC1 for $3a + 5b$ as final answer	M1 for EG $a + b + a + b + a + b + a + b + a + b + a + b + 2b + 2b$ or $2 \times (3a + 3b + 2b)$ etc
		(ii)	$6b(a + b)$ final answer	2	B1 for $6(ab + b^2)$ or $b(6a + 6b)$ or $3(2ab + 2b^2)$ or $3b(2a + 2b)$ or $2(3ab + 3b^2)$ or $2b(3a + 3b)$	
	(b)		4 by 1 rectangle with $4a + 4b$ and $2b$ or 2 by 2 rectangle with $2a + 2b$ and $4b$ or 1 by 4 rectangle with $a + b$ and $8b$ stated or marked on rectangle	5	B4 for $4a + 4b$ and $2b$ or $2a + 2b$ and $4b$ or $a + b$ and $8b$ or B3 for rectangle drawn as (4 by 1) or (2 by 2) or (1 by 4) or B2 for one of $2a + 2b$ or $4a + 4b$ or $4b$ or $8b$ or B1 for any rectangle of 3 or more tiles drawn with $a + b$ or $2b$ marked on individual tiles	Accept unsimplified throughout Once correct expression(s) seen, ignore incorrect simplification to answer line In answer space or intended as final length and width Must clearly be answer May be in attempt to factorise EG $4b(2a + b)$ Accept unsimplified EG $a + b + a + b$ Only tiles that form the perimeter needed

OCR Monday 6 November 2017– Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

7.

14	a	i	Valid explanation	1	Such as 'distance is time times speed'	Need to see 'multiply' oe See Appendix
		ii	$5 - x$	2	M1 for time to travel from A to C = 5[hours] soi	Must be seen in this part
		iii	$20(5 - x) = 100 - 20x$	1		
	b		78	4	M1 for $26x + 100 - 20x = 118$ M1 for <i>their</i> $6x = \text{their } 18$ M1 for $x = \frac{\text{their } 18}{\text{their } 6}$ soi	Simplifying their equation to $ax = b$ Simplifying their $ax = b$ to $x = \frac{b}{a}$

8.

23	a	i	Valid explanation	1	Such as 'because $2n$ is always even so $2n + 1$ will be odd'	Must mention even and odd See Appendix
		ii	$2n + 3$ oe	1		
	b		$2n + 1 + 2n + 3$ $= 4n + 4$ [= $4(n + 1)$] which is a multiple of 4	M1 A1	If 0 scored SC1 for $2n + 1 + \text{their } (2n + 3)$	<i>their</i> $(2n + 3)$ must be an algebraic expression in n

Pearson Edexcel –Sample Papers - Paper 2 (Calculator) Foundation Tier

9.

10	(a)		$p + c$	B1
	(b)		$\frac{14}{3}$	M1 adds 5 to both sides of equation A1 oe

AQA Monday 8 June 2020 – Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

10.

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
18	$10 \times x$ or $10x$	M1	oe	
	$T = 15 + 10x$	A1	oe eg $T = 10x + 15$ allow $T = 15 + 10 \times x$	
	Additional Guidance			
	Condone $\times 10$ for $10x$ for M mark			
	Ignore units			
	$15 + 10x = T$		M1A1	
	Condone a correct rearrangement after $T = 15 + 10x$ seen eg $T - 15 = 10x$ or $x = \frac{T - 15}{10}$			M1A1
	Do not ignore further incorrect working eg $T = 15 + 10x$ and $T = 25x$			M1A0
	$T = 5 \times 3 + 10 \times x$		M1A0	
$15 + 10x$		M1A0		

AQA Thursday 7 June 2018 – Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

11.

7(a)	$d + 3$ or $3 + d$	B1	must be seen in (a)
	Additional Guidance		
	Condone $e = d + 3$ or $e = 3 + d$		B1
	$d = e - 3$		B0

7(b)	$d - 5$	B1	must be seen in (b)
	Additional Guidance		
	Condone $f = d - 5$		B1
	$d = f + 5$		B0

7(c)	their $(d + 3) -$ their $(d - 5)$ or $3 - -5$ or chooses values for d, e and f with e 3 more than d and f 5 less than d and subtracts f from e or chooses values for e and f with e 8 more than f and subtracts f from e	M1	oe eg $d + 3 - d + 5$ or $3 + d + 5 - d$ ft their expressions in (a) and (b) if both in terms of d and at least one has a numerical term may be implied by eg $f = e - 8$
	8	A1ft	correct or ft their expressions in (a) and (b) if both in terms of d and at least one has a numerical term
	Additional Guidance		
	8		M1A1
	$(d = 10, e = 13$ and $f = 5$ and $13 - 5$		M1
	Only condone missing brackets if recovered		
	$d + 3 - d - 5$ and no recovery		M0
	$d + 3 - d - 5$ and answer 8		M1A1
	$d + 3$ in (a), $5 - d$ in (b) and $2d - 2$ in (c)		(B1B0)M1A1ft
	$3d$ in (a), $d - 5$ in (b) and $2d + 5$ in (c)		(B0B1)M1A1ft
$3d$ in (a), $-5d$ in (b) and $8d$ in (c)		(B0B0)M0A0	

AQA Tuesday 12 June 2018 – Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

12.

18	2049	B1	
	Additional Guidance		

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13.

4	$A = 2B$	B1	
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AQA Tuesday 13 June 2017 Morning– Morning (Calculator) Foundation Tier

14.

2	$4n$	B1	
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